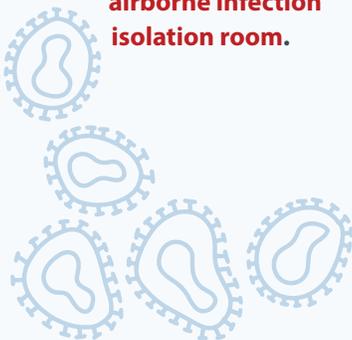


CDC Offers Guidance For Providers On Monkeypox Infection Prevention And Control In Healthcare Settings

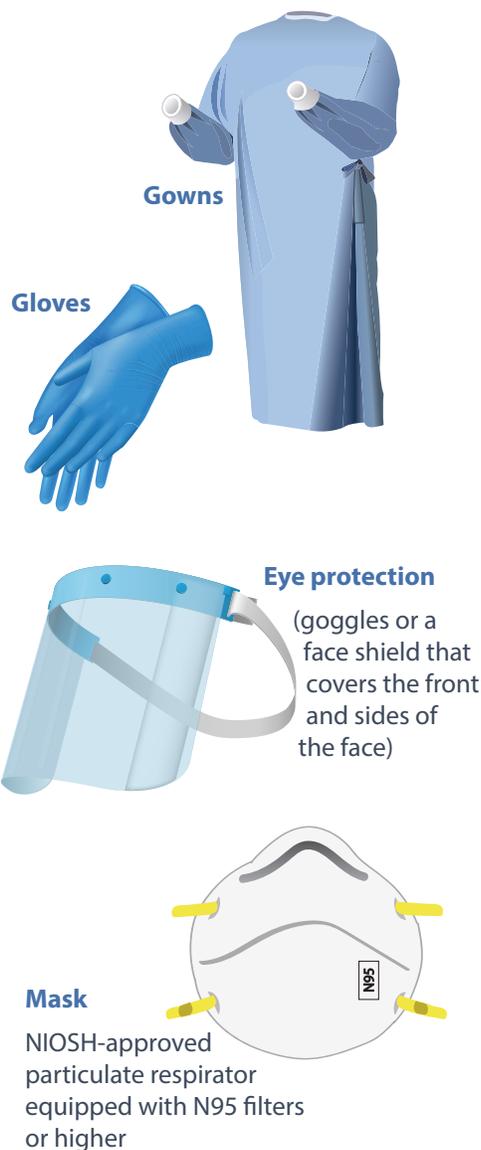
Patient Placement

- A patient with suspected or confirmed monkeypox infection should be placed in a **single-person room**; special air handling is not required.
- The door should be kept closed (if safe to do so). The patient should have a **dedicated bathroom**.
- Transport and movement of the patient outside of the room should be **limited to medically essential purposes**.
- If the patient is transported outside of their room, they should use **well-fitting source control** (e.g., medical mask) and have any exposed skin lesions covered with a sheet or gown.
- Intubation, extubation, and any procedures likely to spread oral secretions should be performed in an **airborne infection isolation room**.



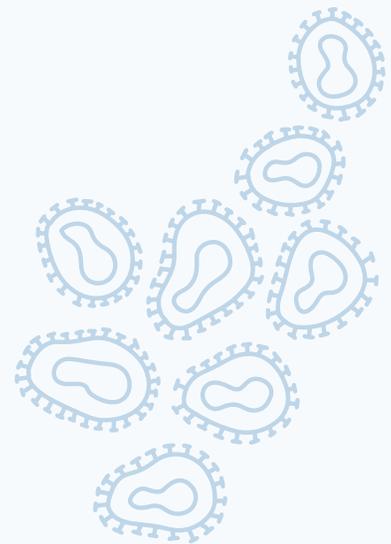
Personal Protective Equipment

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) used by healthcare personnel who enter the patient's room should include:



Environmental Infection Control

- **Standard cleaning and disinfection procedures** should be performed using an EPA-registered hospital-grade disinfectant with an Emerging Viral Pathogen claim. Such products may be found on EPA's List Q.
- **Monkeypox is classified as Tier 1 (enveloped virus).**



Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Infection Prevention and Control of Monkeypox in Healthcare Settings Updated July 5, 2022.